CHARLESTON, MONDAY MORNING, JUNE 3, 1872.

A GREAT JOURNALIST GONE.

DEATH OF JAMES GORDON BENNETT, OF THE NEW YORK HERALD.

A Wonderful Career-The Napoleon of the Modern Press.

James Gerdon Bennett, the editor and proprietor of the New York Herald, whose mortal illness has already been announced in THE NEWS, died at his residence, near New York, last Saturday afternoon. A sketch of the career of this wonderful man will interest every reader.

His parents were French Catholics, who lived in Scotland, where, about the year 1800, he was born. He was educated for the priesthood at the Roman Catholic Seminary of Aberdeen, but afterwards, changing his mind, emigrated to America, where he landed at Boston in 1819. Three years later he came to Charleston to work for the Courier as the translator of South American revolutionary news In 1824 we find him in New York wanting to teach schools, but getting no pupils. Whereupon he began to lecture in the Palton street Dutch Church on political economy, but soon found that he must earn his bread by hack-writing for the newspapers. He acted for a year or two as Washington correspondent of the New York Enquirer, and it was in this position that his writing first at-

In New York, in 1833, the Sun, a one cent paper, had appeared, to be followed, in 1834, by another one cent paper, the Transcript, both of them scholarly, plodding journals. Bennett, with the aid of two young printers, on the 6th of May, 1835, published the first number of the third one cent paper, the New York Herald. He was thirty-five years old: he had five hundred dollars; his office was a cellar in Wall street; his desk, counter and folding board were a plank resting on two empty barrels. Bennett wrote his own wrappers (if he had any to write,) notes, news, leaders, and even advertisements, on a board. He was his own agent and errand boy, and he took what little there was of cash. He originated in America the money report. He reported everything minutely. When he was burned out and robbed he began again in another cellar. He concentrated his abilities on always giving the best report of the largest affair, in good type and on good paper. "What inter. ests everybody" was his motto.

Of the history of the Herald from 1835 until now we have little materials. It has grown into a circulation of eighty or ninety thousand copies a day. It has at times reached twice that number. Its reports of prize fights and horse races gained for it a large constituency. Everything was minutely described, with a detail of trifles that was sure to entertain the undercurrent of society, which loves trifles. Jenkins is a valuable addition to a paper that serves a people who love to go to operas, camp-meetings and dog-fights. To this sort of people Bennett for many years displayed a journal which gave a great deal of minute, light and cheerful news. His style of writing was that of a French comedy in which all the characters speak as if they were perpetually shrugging their shoulders. Nobody could so easily manage a squad of reporters as Bennett could. Before the Mexican war, the Herald had a correspondent in Texas, and six in Europe. All Bennett's trips, of ten miles or ten thousand miles, resulted in his securing correspondents and bookfuls of sta-

Meanwhile he was writing such words as was cying to give the greatest number of little facts about the news that everybody reads, and he paid a news correspondent who had wanted to write book notices as much for these: "Journalism is a new science." He had wanted to write book notices as much for not writing them. When everybody except the public functionaries was interested in the Grand Duke, the Herald followed him up and told-how he held his pistol when he shot a Statehouse, in the City of Columbia, on the buffalo calf. Some editors called that foolish lunction order should not be issued in accordances; but it served even more purposes than ance with the prayer of the complaint herein. told how he held uls pistol when he shot a ness; but it served even more purposes than that of gossiping about the one man who was uppermost in the curiosity of the people; it convinced the army officers of the Herald's enterprise; it convinced the Grand Duke that there must be great papers in America; and the Russian nobles, diplomats and newspaper editors will always bear in mind that what they wanted to read was in the Herald, and they will therefore ascribe to it immense influence. In a time of extraordinary friendship or of extraordinary complications between Russia and America, the Herald will be powerful with the American Government and people, because it will be considered influential at St. Petersburg. So its glittering cavalcade marching into Africa, with gaudily-apparelled camels, with drums and with banners decked in reds and vellows, trying to discover, at a cost of ten thousand dollars, a lost Englishman whom the world knows by heart, is an enterprise-not strictly journalistic, according to the old conservatism-that will make the Herald talked off if England and in the East.

and reflexly in America. Of course Mr. Bennett amassed a collossal fortune. Five years ago, he retired from the active management of the Herald, his son taking his place. But until a week ago, when his fatal illness began, he continued to take an extraordinary Interest in the events of the day. On Tresday last, feeling his end to be near, he sent for Archbishop McCloskey, who administered to him the last sacraments of his church, and the telegraph tells us that, when his last hour arrived, the Napoleon of the press sank calmly and peacefully to his rest.

THE TREATY FAILURE.

Helpless Condition of the Administra-

tion-All our Claims Dishonored-A New Argument for a Change of Administration.

[Correspondence of the New York Tribune.] WASHINGTON, May 30.
The conviction is almost universal in Wash The conviction is almost universal in Washington to-night that the treaty has lailed, and, though correspondence on the subject is not yet closed, it is continued with little hope that any understanding can be arrived at. The administration is to-day in a more nelpless condition as regards the treaty than at any previous time, the action of the Senate having tied it hands, and prevented it from cutertaining any new propositions from the British Cabinet. Before the matter was sent to the Senate, if one plan of settlement did not succeed another could have been tried, but now ceed another could have been tried, but now the United States has bound itself to the form of a treaty agreed to by the Senate just as firmly as though the vote of Saturday evening had been on the question of ratification. The form we have submitted does not suit Granville. He will not accept it, we cannot modily it, and, therefore, negotiations with any hope of success are believed to be at an end. The

SCOTT'S LITTLE GAME.

The Blue Ridge Scrip Ruled Out-None of the State Taxes to be Applied to the Payment of the State Treasurer's

The following injunctions, issued by Justice Willard, put a stop to the receiving and paying out of the P'ue Ridge Railroad scrip, and pre vent the county treasurers from paying any notes drawn on them by the State treasurer, which notes, we believe, were chiefly given in exchange for legislative pay certificates. These measures ought to have a good effect, and enable the prompt payment of all legitimate claims:

The State of South Carolina, County of Richland, in Common Pleas—The State of South Carolina ex relatione Edwin F. Gary, as State auditor, against Niles G. Parker, as State treasurer of the State of South Carothe said State, and in and for the countles sforesaid, defendants.

On the sworn complaint in the above entitled action, and on the affidavit therein, a motion being made by Pope & Haskell, of counsel for plaintiff, for a preliminary injunc-tion against the defendants, and sufficient reasons appearing why the same should be granted, it is hereby ordered:

1. That until the further order of this court,

the said State treasurer and the said county treasurers, hereinbefore named as delendants in the above entitled action, be, and they are hereby, enjoined and restrained from putting in circulation certain certificates of indebted which became law on the second day of March 1872, denominated in said act, 'Treasury certificates of indebtedness," and known as revenue bond scrip of the State of South

2. That until further order of this court, the said State treasurer and county treasurers are enjoined, and restrained from receiving the ald treasury certificates or revenue bond scrip said treasury certificates or revenue bond scrip into the State treasury, for past due taxes, which should have been paid in the years 1868, 1869, 1870, 1871 and 1872, and for taxes to be collected under the tax levy for the year 1872, or any subsequent year; and they, and each of them are further enjoined and re-strained from receiving or paying out the said revenue bond scrip, to and for any liability of the State, or to any debt or obligation due to the State, whether the same be tendered for taxes delirogent land sales, or otherwise. taxes, delinquent land sales, or otherwise. And, on the complaint in this action and said affidavit, let the detenoants or attorneys show efore me, at my chambers, in Columcause before me, at my chambers, in Columbia, on the 10th day of July next, at 11 o'clock, in the forencon on that day, at the Supreme Court Library, in the State House, in the City of Columbia, why the foregoing order, or some order to be made of like purport and effect, should not be continued in full force and until the final ludgment and decree in this suit; and the final judgment and decree in this suit; and until the foregoing order is modified, let the same be in full force and effect. (Signed) A. J. WILLARD, Asst. Justice Supreme Court.

Columbia, June 1, 1872.

The State of South Carolina, County of Rich-land, in Common Pleas-Tnomas J. Gibson and Henry M. Gibson, as copartners under the firm name of T. J. & H. M. Gibson, and William B. Gulick, assignee, plaintiffs, against Niles G. Parker, as State treasurer of the State of South Carolina, J. F. C. Du-Pre, as county treasurer of Abbeville, and others, county treasurers in said State, and in and for the countles aloresaid, defend-

motion being made by Pope & Haskell, of counsel for the plaintiffs, for a preliminary in-junction against the defendants, and sufficient reason appearing why the same should be granted, it is hereby ordered:

 That until the further order of this court, the said county treasurers, and each of them, named as defendants in the above entitled action, be, and they are hereby, enjoined and restrained from paying any note or notes, due bill or due bills, order or orders, notes, due bill of due bills, order of cartificates or certificates, drawn or endorsed, or to be drawn, or endorsed by, the said Niles G. Parker, as State treasurer, upon them or elther of them, under any of the acts 23d December, 1871, 5th February 1870, 21st December, 1871, 5th February 1870, 21st December, 1871, 5th February 1871, ary, 1872, 4th March, 1872, or for any other

auditor.

And it is further ordered:
2. That the defendants, or their attorney, show cause before me at my chambers, at the It is jurther ordered:

It is further ordered:
That the plaintiffs have leave to read, at the hearing under such order, to show cause, any affidavits or other proofs, of which copies shall have been served upon the attorney for the detendants, on or before the (21st) twenty first day of June, 1872.

(Signed) A. J. WILLARD,

(Signed) A. J. WILLARD, Asst. Justice Supreme Court. Columbia, June 1, 1872.

RESTITUTION TO CONFEDERATE SOLDIERS.

WASHINGTON, June 1. In the United States District Court orders In the United States District Court orders were made for the payment over to Dr. Cornelius Boyle, H. B. Tyler and the administratrix of C. S. Wallace, of this city, of the sales of their property here, made under the confiscation act. Under the amnesty act they become tion act. Under the amnesty act they second entitled to whatever sum the United States has derived from the confiscation of their estates, lest the costs, which were compara-tively enormous, amounting in one of the cases to \$1500. These parties left here and erved in the Confederate armies. H. B. Tyler been a major of marines in the Federal

THE METHODIST GENERAL CONFER-ENCE.

army.

NEW YORK, June 1. E. O. Haven was elected secretary of the Church Educational Society.

The report of the committee on the state of

the church, concerning sinful amusements, was again taken up and finally adopted by a vote of 177 to 75. The committee on temperance reported a series of resolutions declaring in favor of the total legal prohibition of the sale of liquors; that dealers should be made responsible for

the woes inflicted on communities; that members of the church should not rent property for liquor stores, or in any way countenance the traffic.

SPARKS FROM THE WIRES.

-The International Typographical Union meets at Richmond, Va., to-day. The attendance will be large.

—The United states treasurer will buy two

millions of bonds each Wednesday and sell two millions of coin each Thursday in June. THE NEW YORK VEGETABLE MARKET .- The

Daily Bulletin of Thursday, May 31, says: Daily Bulletin of Thursday, May 31, says:

There is little, if anything, new to say in regard to these markels. Our quotations for potatoes are in bulk; in shipping order 50c per barrel must be added. Bermudas are held at \$8 from dock. New Southern \$5a7. We quote old as follows: \$175a2 25 per barrel for Peachblows; \$1 50a1 75 per barrel for Early Rose; \$1a1 50 for early Goodrich; \$1 50a1 75 per barrel for Jackson whites; \$1 75a2 for Prince Alberts. In vegeables we quote green peas: Norfolk, \$4a4 50 per bbl; do Maryland, \$4a5. Carrots \$4a \$4 50 per barrel. Radishes 50a\$1 for Jersey and Long Island, per 100 bunches. Russia turnips \$3a\$3 50 per barrel. Parsnips \$1 50a\$2. Onions, 50ca\$1 for red, and about the same for orm we have submitted does not suit Granville. He will not accept it, we cannot modify it, and, therefore, negotiations with any hope of success are believed to be at an end. The nation stands dishonored before the world. We are in the position of a government having made demands which it was unable to sustain, and which it was obliged to with traw at the dictation of Great Britain. Having so far humiliated itself, it now has heaped upon it the additional indignity of seeing its surrender rejected by England, and its humiliation come to paught.

Unrips \$3a\$3 50 per barrel. Parsnips \$1 50a\$2. Onions, \$0ca\$1 for red, and about the same for white. Spinach 75c per barrel. Bermuda tomatoms \$150a\$2 per crate. Rhssia urreips \$1.00 per barrel. Parsnips \$1 50a\$2.

SUMNER ON GRANT.

A TERRIBLE ARRAIGNMENT OF THE

Senator Schurz Making Another On slaught-Demoralization of Grant's

Senators Sumper and Schurz threw wellcharged bombshells right into the Grant camp on Friday, and they expleded with terrible effect. It has been the intention of the administration senators all along to prevent, if possible, any debate on the report of the investigation of the sale of arms to the French Government during the French-German war. The majority of the committee had made up what Mr. Sumner appropriately termed their "whitewashing report." They had cast the mest serious imputations on the character of the senators at whose instance the investigation took place, and proposed that their report should go forth as a campaign document. without a reply from the other side. But Mr. Sumner and Mr. Schurz were determined to be heard. The majority of the Senate having refused to set apart an evening for the discussion of the committee's report, Mr. Sumner availed himself of a parliamentary privilege, and moved to postpone indefinitely the pending appropriation bill, and upon that motion made his great speech. The correspondent of the Baltimore Sun writes:

The political sensation at the Capitol to-day has been an unexpected and yet most elabo-rate speech from Mr. Sumner in arraignment of President Grant and his administration. He got the floor in the Senate by a parliamentary manœuvre, which quite surprised the administration senators, and held it for four hours in an exhaustive and carefully prepared speech, which soon attracted well-filled galleries and crowded the Senate floor with eager privileged listeners. In the last hour nearly all of the members of the House were present. It is declared by the older senators that there has never been a speech in Congress, even when the warfare was made on andrew Johnson, that equalled this for an indictment of the personal as well as the political record of a President. Not one single private or public act of President Grant's civil lile appeared to have escaped the senator's He got the floor in the Senate by a parliamen lile appeared to have escaped the senator for he held it up to view in a broad the matter of the speech an earnest and vigo rous force of delivery. He arraigned him as a gitt-taker, a nepotist, and a falture; declared that he spent his time with fast horses. In pa that he spent his time with last norses, in par-ace cars and lottering at the sea-side. The public acts of his administration were as fear-inly assaired. He maintained that his gov-ernment was a personal one; that it command-ed no respect at home or abroad; that it had done nothing to commend it to the country; that its reduction of the public debt did not deserve as much credit as that of Andrew Labragor, that it was false to the colored per-Johnson: that it was false to the colored per ple, and a failure so far as it had anything to do with reconstruction; while its foreign poli on with reconstruction; while its foreign policy, of which it had attempted to boast, was the most disgraceful muddle of the age. This merely indicates the general tenor of his remarks. The friends of the President on the fluor, who were even characterized among other "rings" as the "senatorial ring," gave the speech close attention, as is not their wont usually when Mr. Sumrer speaks, and the speech close attention, as is not their wont usually when Mr. Summer speaks, and

when he had concluded, Mr. Schurz oblained the floor, but it was now late, and the Missouri senator did not wish to proceed without rest and refreshment. Mr. Sumner, Mr. Trumbuil, Mr. Bayard, and other gentlemen appealed for a recess or an adjournment; but the administration senators, under the lead of Morton and Conkilog, would not at first ac-cord this courtesy, which had never before been relused. After much effort, however, the Senate, at aix o'clock, agreed to a reces

At the latter hour, the galleries were again crowded to their utmost capacity, and even the passages and doorways were thronged with anxious spectators. Mr. Schurz made a two hours' speech, tull of force and power, and gave the finishing touches to the blows which Mr. Sumner so effectively dealt the administration in the atternoor. ministration in the atternoon.

essment and collection of taxes by the State | The New York Press on Summer's Speech New York, June 1.
The Times says Sumner's speech is a collection of slander against the President, with literary, antiquarian and scholastic embellishments.

The Tribune considers Sumper's speech one of the greatest be ever delivered.

The World says Sumner's indictment of Grant recites nothing which the Democratic press has not referated for months; but coming from a man whose biography is the history of the Republican party, it will carry conviction where the Democratic voice would pass as the wind. The Sun styles Sumner the American Casar.

and calls the speech magnificent.
The Herald says the speech is a savage arraignment of the President, and the bitterness, which evidently is provoked by a sense of personal provocation, will weaken its force It contains nothing new, except the statement of Stanton, that Grant could not govern the

THE WEATHER THIS DAY.

WASHINGTON, June 2.
Clear and partially cloudy weather for the
South Atlantic coast is expected to-day, with
no high winds.

For The

Yesterday's Weather Reports of the Signal Service, U. S. A .- 4.47 P. M., Local Time

Place of Observation.	leht of Baro-	ermometer	Vind of	ce of Wind	te of the
Augusta, Ga	29.95	94	W	Fresh.	Fair.
Baltimore	30.01		>E	Gentle.	Fair.
	-9.97		SE	Gentle.	Cloudy.
Charleston			SW	Fresh.	Fair.
	29.95	62		Light.	Cloudy.
Cincinnati	30.02		6	Gentle.	Cloudy.
Galveston		59		Gentle.	Clear.
Key West	30 04		SE	Fresh.	Fair.
Knoxville, Tenn.	26.92	77		Gentle.	Cloudy.
Memphis, Tenu.	29,98		w.	Light.	Clear.
New Orleans			E	Gentle.	Fair.
	29.99		NE	Gentle.	Olear.
	30.01		NE	Fresh.	Clear.
Philadelphia Portland, Me			NE	Gentle.	Fair.
Savaunah			W		Clear.
St. Louis			9W	Fresh.	Fair.
Washington		74		Gentle	
Wilmington, N.C.			NE		Fair.

Note.—The weather report dated 7.47 o'clock this morning, will be posted in the rooms of the Chamber of Commerce at 10 o'clock A. M., and, together with the weather chart, may (by the courtesy of the Chamber) be examined by ship-masters at any time during the day.

Hotel Arrivals-June 1 and 3.

PAVILION HOTEL.

M. R. Clark, Richland; R. Story Liverpool; T. S. Gaillard, Southern Express Company; T. F. H. Peek, Stono; A. J. Wilkinson, Georgia; G. A. Huggins, Manning.

CHARLESTON HOTEL.

H. G. Worthington, Columbia; Miss C. C. Pope, Boston; L. Ulbrick, Alabama; S. Datcher, T. L. James and wife, S. P. Russell and wife, Mrs. Newberry, New York; S. R. Blatchley and wife, Miss A. Stafford, Miss E. Stafford, Connecticut; B. F. Brady, New York; General Getty, U. S. A.; W. H, Zabriskie, Miss L. Zabriskie, Detroit; B. D Fearing, Ohio; A. Gardiner, South Carolina; G. G. McWhorter. Augusta; W. A. Page, Georgia; L. Bliss, Savannah; D. L. Yulee, Florida; Miss Pease, Philadelphia; Miss Jones, New York; E. F. Gary, Columbia; A. Williams, Beaufort.

THE OLD WORLD'S NEWS.

The Great Tribulation About the Treaty-Earl Granville Under Fire Again-The Spanish Agitation, &c.

LONDON, May 31. The Times to-day asserts that there never has been any genuine agreement between England and America touching the indirect claims. It cannot help thinking that if the official telegrams on the subject had been communicated directly to the foreign minister of either government, instead of being filtered brough a medium, the chasm which separated them would have been recognized long ago. "With the correspondence before us," concludes the Times, "we must consider the fallare of arbitration inevitable. We may thank he supplemental article without amendment, our position would have been awkward.

In the House of Lords to-night the Earl of Derby urged the government to produce the text of the supplemental article to the treaty of Wighterton of Washington, with the Senate amendment The House needed a thorough understanding of the present position of the negotiation Earl Granville remarked that the America Congress would adjourn on Monday, and the negotiations had not yet been brought to a close; hence it would be impossible for the government to comply with the demands of the noble Lord. Earl Grey wished to know whether the government would proceed with the arbitration it the indirect claims should not be withdrawn. The country, he said, re garded the situation with great alarm. Ear Granville declined to answer this question He indignantly denied that the government and involved the country in trouble. Lord Cairns said that the government was straining principle in refusing to submit the docu The Marquis of Salisbury begged to be in

The Marquis of Salisbury began to the formed what instructions had been given to the British representatives before the Geneva board as to their action in case the American government should not withdraw the indirect calms. Earl Granville again declined to answer. Lord Westbury advised the govern-ment to make a complete declaration. Earl Granville repiled that the government was irequently layored with Lord Westbury's advice, and suggested the impropriety of repeating questions when warning nad twice beet He advised that invectives be reserved for a ccasion when the government could defen themselves—when they could clear themselves

thrown upon them.

In the House of Commons, in reply to Mr. Disraeli's laquiries for information, Mr. Gludstone promised to give him satisfactory answers when the American Congress had ad-The race for the Oaks stakes took place

the Epsom meeting to day, and was won by Reine. The Grenadler Guards' Band has left for Boston to take part in the Peace Jubilee:
MADRID, May 31. Marshal Serrano has resigned as general

simo of the Proops operating against the Carlists in the Biscay provinces, and Lieutenant General Ectique appointed his successor.

BREMEN, June 1. The Rhein sailed to-day with Joans Straus

and his band, the Emperor William's Cornel Quartette and Prussian Band, for the Boston Peace Jubliee. LAUNCH OF A STEAMER,-Mr. Arthur Mor gan, the energetic and enterprising merchan

of Georgetown, has just had completed and aunched a fine steamer to run between this city and the various landings on the Peedee River. The steamer and the launch are de scribed as follows in the Georgetown Times: About ten o'clock a large number of ladies and gentlemen gathered on the b'uff, near where the steamer was on stocks, and at halfpast ien o'clock the blocks were knocked away, and when she began to move, the bot-tie of wine being broken by Miss Emily Atkinson, the graceful and beautiful little daughter of Major S. T. Atkinson, a flag was run up anthe name of the stramer to be the nonneing the name of the stramer to be the Reliance. She slided gracefully in the water without the elightest stop or hindrance. It is without the slightest stop or hindrance. It is impossible that a launch could have been more successful. The Reliance was built under the supervision of Mr. Hugh Walker, of New York, and Mr. J. L. Weish of this place, for Mr. Arthur Morgan, the euterprising merchant of this town. The length of hull is one hundred and forty-six feet three inches; over all one bundred with the language headily.

hundred and flity-one feet three inches; breadt of beam, twenty-nine feet three inches; out side of guards, forty-eight feet; keel, one hun-dred and forty-three feet; carpenters' tonnage, three hundred and fifty-two tons. Is capab the arrying sixteen hundred bales of cotton or two thou-and barrels of naval stores. This boat, besides being built of the very best materials and workman-hip, is fastened by galvan-ized iron and spikes, and has bilge kelsons and an arched under-deck. This is an improvement an arched under-deck. This is an improvement never before seen on a boat in these waters. We learn that Charleston ship carpenters say she is superior to any boat of the kind they ever saw. She will, when her machinery is in, cost between fitteen thousand and eighteen thousand dollars. The keef of the Reilance was laid on the 1st March last, and she was launched on the 25th of May, seventy-three marking days healing here employed in her

working days having been employed in her construction. She will be taken to Charleston construction. She will be taken to Charleston in a few days, where an engine of ampie capacity for her hall will be put in her, and properly adjusted, by Messrs. J. F. Taylor & Co., the efficient and trustworthy machinists of that city. Mr. Morgan will early next week lay the keel of another steamer, to run from Georgetown up the Santee. The materials for the construction of this boat are already at hand, and it is auticipated that she will be launched about the 10th of Angust. She will be one hundred and thirty feet long, with

be one hundred and thirty feet long, with breadth of beam and outside guards in propor

A CARD.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS.

SIR-In the Charleston Republican of Satur day, I read a communication, signed by Major M. R. Delany, addresse i to Judge A. J. Willard, soliciting him as candidate for Governor in the coming election, to which were appended the names of a large number of clitzens. As my name appeared on the list, I desire to make known the fact that I have no sympathy with the novement; that Major Delany can't lead me, and that he used my name without my knowledge or consent. I have the honor to be,

Very respectfully, N. MONTGOMERY. TRIBUTE OF RESPECT.

At a regular monthly meeting of the Charles ton Typographical Society, held on the evening of the 1st June, 1872, Mr. James II. Murrell offered the following preamble and resolutions, which were unanimously adopted :

The unwelcome though not unexpected an

nouncement made at our last meeting, that James B. O'cliey had, that day, been called from time to eternity, filled the heart of every member of this society with a sorrow, perhaps, more poignant than the loss by death of almost any other member of it would have occasioned. For severa years he had been a silent sufferer, and during that time had always evinced that submissive ac quiescence in the stroke under which he writher and was being consumed, which at once stamped him the Christian, who, knowing his armor to be bright, was but calmly awaiting the summons that would release him from the cares and suffer ings, the anxieties and sorrows to which his cup of ills, thus far in his pligrimage here, had never perhaps at any time been entirely free So calmly indeed did he prepare to meet and obey without a mutter of discontent that summons when it would finally come, that he had even arranged the details of his own burisl, in many particulars, with that precision and nicety which, doubtless he would have observed had he only been prepar

ing to engage in a pleasant journey abroad. Though serving his apprenticeship as a printe in an interior town of this State, Mr. O'Riley had lived the greater part of his useful life in Charleston, and by his marked intelligence, his modes and unobtrusive demeanor, his unostentatious disposition, and the guileless purity of his character had so completely commended himself to the re-spect and esteem of his fellow-craftsmen, and of

the virtuous and good in our community, that he ad become a general favorite. He had serve this society several successive terms, as i's pres

ident, and while in that office exhibited traits of administrative ability which not only provoked appreciation but characterized his reign over us as one also eminently worthy of being considered might, under any circumstances, safely aim t

Whether in public or in private life, at the case or at the hearth circle, as a companion or as a friend-indeed, esteem him in any light we mayno man certainly ever walked more conscientions ly in what he conceived to be the paths of strict rectitude and morality than did James B. O'Riley. In view, therefore, of the dispensation which has now spread as it were the black mantle of

Resolved, That the Typographical Society of Cha leston esteem their loss, in the death of ex-President James B. O'Riley, one that cannot well

Cha leston esteem their loss, is the death of exPresident James B. O'Riley, one that cannot well
be sapplied.

Resolved, That while grateful for the many virtues which had distinguished him, and the mark of
demonstrations of respect aiready shown his
m-mory, we, as prin ers, shall ever claim the
righ to lay that chaplet of affection on his tomb
which wil more than any other perpetuate the
worth o' James B. O'Riley.

Resolved, That this preamble and these resolutions be recorded on our minute book; that a
blank page in the same be inscribed appropriately
to the memory of our late brother member and
ex-president, James B. O'Riley; that the warmest
mapathies of the Typographical Society of
Chaleston be extended to his afflicted widow in
this, to her, very sad bereavement; that she le
furnished by our secretary with a copy of these
proceedings; and, lastly, that they be published in
the daily papers of this city.

Extract from the minutes. Extract from the minutes JAMES RONAN, Secretary.

THE HEALTH DEPARTMENT.

The following directory of the Health De-

partment has been prepared by Dr. George S. Pelzer, the City Registrar, and is published for the information of the public: Office of Board of Health and City Registrar at City Hall.

BOARD OF HEALTH.

Hon. John A. Wagener, residence No. 54 St.
Philip street, Mayor, Chairman.

General W. G. DeSaussure, Ward No. 1, resitence No. 27 East Battery.

George H. Moutt, Ward No. 2, residence No. 10
Legare street.

Thomas M. Hanckel, Ward No. 3, residence No.

Thomas M. Hanckel, Ward No. 3, residence No. 47 Hasel street. 17 Hasel street.
Captain Jacob Small, Ward No. 4, residence No. Bull street.
Thomas D. Dotterer, Ward No. 5, residence northeast corner Henrietta and Meeting streets. H. B. Olney, Ward No. 6, residence No. 140 Cum

g street. Thomas D. Eason, Ward No. 7, residence No. 78 America street.
William L. Webb, Ward No. 8, residence No. 37
Rutledge avenue.
Medical Committee.

George S. Pelzer, M. D., City Registrar, resi-ence No. 48 Cannon street. Eil Geddings, M. D., residence No. 16 Geerge J. P. Chaza', M. D., residence No. 6 Wentworth Sianding Committees.

On Hospitals and Dispensaries—Drs. Pelzer, Reddings and Chazal. On Low Lots, Drainage and Nuisances—The Mayor. Dr. Pelzer and Messrs. Hanckel, Small on Low Distance and Messrs. Hanckel, Small and Webb.
On Buri I Grounds, Sextons and Hearses—Dr. Chazal, General DeSaussure and Mr. Monett.
On Public Institutions—Dr. Geddings and Messrs. Eason, Dotterer and Oney.
On Epidemics, Public Hygiene and Quarantine—Drs. Geddings, Chazal and Pelzer.
On Accounts—Drs. Pelzer, Geddings and Cha

al. COMPLAINT BOOKS

are open at the upper and lower wards Guardhouses, and citizens are requested to report all nuisances prejudicial to the public health as promptly as possible, at either of the above named

CITY HOSPITAL. Mazyck st eet, above Queen street. Surg on in charge, J. S. Huist, M. D. Residence and office, No. 205 Meeting street.

Marine Department, City Hospital, Mazyck street. Surgeon in charge, J. S. Eusst, M. D.

HEALTH DISTRICT NO. 1. Bounded on the north by centre of Calhoun street, on the east by Cooper River, on the south by South Battery, and on the west by centre of Meeting street. Physician in charge, Dr. Manning Simons.

next to the Charleston Library building. HEALTH DISTRICT NO. 2. Wes'ern Division, Shirras' Dispensary. Bounded on the north by centre of Calhoun street, on the east by centre of Meeting street, on the south by South Ba tery and Ashley River, and on the west by Ashley River.

Physiciau in charge, Dr. Joseph Yates. Office at Snirra's Dispensary, Society street, between King and Meeting streets. Aesidence No. 14 Liberty street.

erty street.

The physician in charge of this district is required to attend at the Lower Wards Guardhouse when called upon.

HEALTH DISTRICT NO. 3. Bounded on the north by City Roundary, on the east by Cooper River, on the south by centre of Calhoun street, and on the west by centre of Meeting street.

Physician in charge, Dr. J. L. Ancrum. Office and residence No. 10 Mary street, opposite El.za.

The physician in charge of this district is required to attend at the Almshouse when called upon. HEALTH DISTRICT NO 4.

Bounded on the north by City Boundary, on the east by centre of Smith street to Cannon's reet, then by centre of Cannon to Rutleige avenue, then oy centre of Rutleige avenue to George street, and then by a line running. In the same direction through to City Boundary, on the south by centre of Calhoun street, and on the west by Ashley River.

by centre of Candon street, and on the west by Ashley River.
Physician in charge, Dr. T. Grange Simons. Office No. 18 Ashley street, opposite United States Arsenal. Residence No. 21 Rutledge avenne, opposite Radcliffe street.
The phy-lcian in charge of this district is required to attend at the Old Folks' Home when called upon.

HEALTH DISTRICT NO. 5.

Bounded on the north by City Boundary, on th sounded on the north by City Boundary, on the set by centre of Meeting street, on the south by entre of Calkoun street, and on the west by cen-te of Smith street to Cannon street, then by cen-

centre of Calkoun street, and on an other tree of Smith street to Cannon street, then by centre of Cannon street to Rutiedge avenue, then by centre of Rutiedge avenue to Grove street, then by a line running in the same direction to City Boundary.

Physician in charge, Dr. Isaac W. Angel. Of. fice and residence, st. Philip street, opposite the Neck Market.

The physician in charge of this district is required to attend at the Upper Wards Guardhouse when called upon.

OFFICE HOURS.

OFFICE HOURS.

From 8 to 9 morning; from 2 to 3 afternoon.
All dispensary patients who are able shall be required to attend at the office of the health district in which they may reside during the above specified office hours. The physicians in attendance will afford medicial and survical reiter and medicines gratuitously to all destitute sick poor persons, residents of their respective districts applying for treatment, who may, in their opinion, be entitled to dispensary reiter.

It is recommended that office patients attend punctually at the beginning of the office hours. Calls may be left on the siste at any time during the day at the respective offices, and at night at the day at the respective offices, and at night at the residences of the physicians in charge. The number and street must be carefully given in all applications for attendance at home.

Millinern, Straw Goods, &c. SPRING OPENING! MRS. M. J. ZERNOW,

No. 304 KING STREET, Will open THIS DAY an assortment of MILLI NERY GOODS, Ladies' and Children's Ready-Sole Agent for Mile. DEMOREST'S PAPER PATTERNS.

SHOULDER BRACES, STOCKING SUSPENDERS, and LILY BLOOM. DRESS-MAKING in all its branches. Country orders will receive prompt attention.

NOTICE.

mch28_tnths3mos

the BATTERY BATHING HOUSE, on White Point Garden, has been thoroughly resaired in all its various desartments, and will be opened on 13th instant for accommodation of visitors. The Soda Waier and Ice Gream Departments will be under the immediate superintendence of the Proprietor. Thanking the public for past favors, I would most respectfully solicit their patronage.

M. McMANMON, Proprietor.

Married.

MAULDIN-RED-At the residence of the bride's lather, on Wednesday evening. May 224, 1872, by Rev. J. S. Murray, Mr. B. Frank Mauldin, of Columbia, and Miss Mamie E. Reed, daughter of Hog. J. P. Reed, of Anderson, S. C. No cards.

Juneral Notices. SIMONS.-Departed this life on the evening o

he 2d instant, in her 85th year, Mrs. CATHERINE SIMONS, relict of the late Thomas Grange Simons THE RELATIVES AND FRIENDS the deceased, and of her sons, T. Grange and John H. Simons, are invited to attend her Poners; at St. Paul's Church, Radeliffeboro', at half-past o'clock THIS AFTERNOON.

Insurance.

SOUTHERN . LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

ATLANTA DEPARTMENT.

GEN. JOHN B. GORDON, President.

ASSETS January 1st, 1872.....\$1,241,947 40-100.

The undersigned having been recently appoint ed Agent for Charleston of the above Company, with the right to take risks in any portion of South Carolina, would invite the attention of his friends and the public generally to a few argu ments in its favor. It is a

PURELY SOUTHERN COMPANY. and invests all its accumulations at the South It is ably managed and has a large capital. It does business on

THE CASH SYSTEM ONLY. and at rates as low as any other sound Company in the Country.

Call at my office and allow me to show you the

long list of Policyholders, which is the best evidence of strength in a Company. EBEN COFFIN. Agent for Charleston, S. C., No. 31 Broad street.

GEO. M. COFFIN, Sub-Agent.

th Atlantic Wharf.

EE'S INSURANCE AGENCY No. 36 BROAD STREET, CHARLESTON, S. C.

OFFICE No. 135 BROADWAY. OASH CAPITAL.....\$2,500,000 00 ASSETS, 1st January, 1872 4,672,043 50 LIABILITIES..... 624,021 52 ABSTRACT OF THE THIRTY-SEVENTH SEMI-ANNUAL

HOME INSURANCE CO. OF NEW YORK.

STATEMENT. Showing the condition of the Company on the first of January, 1872. ASSETS. Cash, in Bank and Trust Companies ... \$482,827 62

on Real Estate, worth \$4,759,600..1,850,849 57

Loans on Stocks, payable on demand (market value of Securities,) United States St cks (market value) ... 1.669.367 60 State Bonds (market value)..... 60,100 00 Interest due on 1st January, 1872..... 52,787 30 Relance in hand of Agents..... 247.882 75 Bills Receivable...... 25,502 03 Other Property, Miscellaneous Items... 106,423 82 Premiums due and uncollected on Pelicies issued at this Office...... 20,318 60

Sonds and Mortgage, being first Hen

Salvages..... 46.044 31 Total.....\$4,672,043 50

CHAS. J. MARTIN, President. L. F. WILMARTH, VICE- J. H. WASHBURN, Sec Pres dent.
D. A. HEALD, 2d Vice GEO. M. LYON, Assis-President. tant Secretry.

T. B. GREENE, 2d Assistant Secretary.

and 35th Dividends.....

ANNUAL STATEMENT OF THE

GEORGIA HOME INSURANCE CO.

(INCORPORATED 1859.) COLUMBUS, GEORGIA. CAPITAL.....\$350,000 00

ASSETS, January 1, 1872...... 504,808 58 ASSETS. Virginia State 6 per cent. Bonds, market value \$22,800 00 Tennesse State 6 per cent.

Bonds, market value 14,600 00 outh Carolina State 6 per cent. Bonds, market value, 17,000 00 Central Bailroad 7 per cent. 20,000 00 Bonds, market value ... Montgomery and W. P. R. R.

8 per cent. Bonds, market value...... 29,000 00 City of Columbus 7 per cent. . Bonds, market value..... 21,630 00 8 per cent. Bonds, market

value..... 25,000 00 Western Rallroad 8 per cent. Bonds, market value..... 5,000 00 Macon and Augusta 7 per cent. Bonds, market value. 2,000 00-

Alabama State 5 per cent. Bonds, market value 7,000 00 - \$154,900 OL Southwestern Railroad Stock, market value..... 31,700 00 Columbus Gaslight Company Stock, market value 2,500 00

stocks in Columbus Factories, market value..... 9,800 00 Real Estate, market value... 85,600 00 Bills Receivable, amply se-Bonds, market value..... 48,460 00 Cash on hand and on de-

posit...... 16,210 70 Incollected coupons and interest..... 4,730 50 Due by Agents in course of transmission..... 12,068 16 _ 349,908 5

Total Assets January 1, 1871...... \$504,808 53 J. RHODES BROWNE, President. D. F. WILCOX, Secretary. HUTSON LEE, Agent,

may29-wfm3

jun22-lyr

CHARLESTON, S. C.

THE SOUTHERN DYE HOUSE.

WE LIVE AND LEARN, DIE AND

FORGET ALL.

NO. 359 KING STREET,

men's Ladies and Children's Clothes. Fine Lace and Lace Curtains cleaned and done up with the Soft or Manufacturers'-Finish: Lace and Crape Shawls and Kid Gloves Cleaned and Byed. Goods received and returned by Express.

EIGHT DOLLARS A YEAR. Clothing, Cailoring, &c.

FASHION

SPRING AND SUMMER. 1872.

MENKE & MULLER

CLOTHIERS, NO. 325 KING STREET.

THREE DOORS BELOW LIBERTY STREET, Invite attention to their large and splendid stock of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, COATINGS; Sulting Cheviots, Linens, &c., and the handsomwill be made to order under the supervision as

most skilful and fashionable cutter. CLOTHING

FOR MEN, YOUTH, BOYS AND CHILDREN, of every style and quality, and at very low .

AND A COMPLETE STOCK OF GENTS

FURNISHING GOODS.

Which embraces the celebrated STAR SHIRTS and the choicest novelties in NECK WEAR.

Bailroads.

COUTH CAROLINA RAILROAD.

OHABLEST NO JUNE 1872.

FXCURS ON TICKETS to Greenville, Anderson and Walhalls have been put on sale To-Dax, and will continue on sale nutil 1st E-ptember.

Good to retu n until 1st November.

Bagge ge checked through.
S. B. PIOKENS.
unl G. T. A. Vice-President

COUTH CAROLINA RAILROAD. ORABLESTON, S. U., May 19, 1872.
On and after SUNDAY, May 19, the Passenger Trains on the South Carolina Railroad will run as follows:

FOR AUGUSTA

Leave Charleston. 8.10 a M
Arrive at Augusta. 4.25 F M

FOR COLUMBIA. 8.10 a M
Arrive at Columbia. 4.05 F M

FOR CHARLESTON. Leave Charleston. 6.00 A Marive at Unarieston. 6.45 A Marive at Unarieston. 6.45 A Marive at Unarieston. 6.45 A Marive at Columbia. 6.40 A Marive at Columbia.

Arrive at summerville at. 4.45 F M

CAMDEN BRANCH. 6.15 A M

Arrive at Columbia. 10.40 A M

Leave Columbia. 1.46 F M

Arrive at Columbia. 6.25 F M

Day and Night Trains make close connections at Augusta with Georgia Railroad and Central Railroad. Night Train connects with Macon and Augusta Columbia Night Train connects with Greenville and Columbia Railroad, and with Charlotte Road

to points North.

Camden Train connects at Kingville daily (except sundays) with Day Passenger Train, and runs through to Columbia.

Physical Physics (1997) 1997 runs through to Columbia.
A. L. TYLER, Vice-President.
S. B. PICKENS, G. T. A. jan19

CHARLESTON, S. O., February 11, 1871. ...
Trains will leave Charleston Daily at 10,15 A. M. ad 5.00 P. M. and 5.00 P. M. Arrive at Charleston 7.30 A. M. (Mondays excepted) and 2.45 P. M. Train does not leave Charleston 5.00 P. M., SUN-

Train does not leave Charleston 5.00 P. M., SUNDAYS.

Train leaving 10.16 A. M. makes through connection to New York, via Richmond and Acquis Oreck only, going through in 44 hours.

Passengers leaving by 5 00 P. M. Train have choice of route, via Richmond and Washington, or via Portsmouth and Battimore. Those leaving Faiday by this Train lay ever on SUNDAY in Bellemore. Those leaving on SATURDAY remain SUNDAY in Wilmington, N. O.

This is the cheapest, quickest and most pleasant route to (1.1cinnst), chicago and other points West and No threst, both Trains making connections at Washington with Western Trains of Baltimore and Ohio Railros 1.

S. S. SOLOMONS,

Engineer and Superiatendent.

P. L. CLEAPOR, Gen. Ticket Agent. may21.

SAVANNAH AND CHARLESTON

Watches, Jeweirp, #c. THE CHOICEST

STOCK OF

WATCHES, DIAMONDS. JEWELRY.

STERLING SILVER.

SILVER-PLATED WARE

AND

TABLE OUTLERY:

French and American Clocks. IS TO BE FOUND AT

JAMES ALLAN'S.

dec9-stuth60am PREMATURE GRAYNESS OF THE

hair should be prevented, and the best and surest preventive is HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER

No. 307 KING STREET Dyes and Cleans by means of steam, Gentle I. BILLER, Proprietor,

LEG CONTRACTOR